

October 23, 2015

#5) $g(x) = 2x - 5$
 $h(x) = 4x + 5$
 $g(h(x)) = (g \circ h)(x)$
 $2(4x + 5) - 5$
 $8x + 10 - 5$
 $8x + 5$
 $8(3) + 5$
 $24 + 5$
 29

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#13) $f(x) = 2x^3 - 5x^2$
 $g(x) = 2x - 1$
 $(f \circ g)(x) = (2x^3 - 5x^2)(2x - 1)$
 $= 4x^4 - 2x^3 - 10x^3 - 5x^2$
 $= 4x^4 - 12x^3 - 5x^2$

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#22) $g(a) = 2a + 2$
 $h(a) = -2a - 5$
 $(g \circ h)(-4 + a) = g(h(x))$
 $= 2(h(x)) + 2$
 $= 2(-2a - 5) + 2$
 $= 2(-2(-4 + a) - 5) + 2$
 $= 2(8 - 2a - 5) + 2$
 $= 2(3 - 2a) + 2$
 $= 6 - 4a + 2$
 $= 8 - 4a$

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Turning Equations to lines.

① From two ordered pairs
 ② From a ordered pair & a slope
 $(-3, 8); m = -\frac{1}{2}$

$y = mx + b$
 $8 = -\frac{1}{2}(-3) + b$
 $8 = \frac{3}{2} + b$
 $\frac{8}{2} - \frac{3}{2} = b$
 $\frac{16 - 3}{2} = b$
 $\frac{13}{2} = b$

$y = -\frac{1}{2}x - \frac{39}{2}$
 Convert to standard form
 $2x + 4y = -39$
 a, b, c are integers, not fractions!

$2y = -\frac{11}{2}x - \frac{39}{2}$
 $4y = -11x - 39$
 $11x + 4y = -39$

We always want the coefficient of x to be positive.

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$-5x + 3y = 8$
 not positive!
 $\frac{-5x + 3y}{-1} = \frac{8}{-1}$
 $5x - 3y = -8$

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③ From ordered pair & an equation.
 $(-3, 7);$ parallel to
 $5x - 3y = 8$

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Parallel lines have same slope
 $m_1 = m_2$
 Perpendicular $m = -\frac{1}{m_1}$
 Example $m_1 = \frac{3}{4}$
 then my perp $m = -\frac{4}{3}$
 * Test: $m_1 \cdot -\frac{1}{m_1} = -1$
 $\frac{3}{4} \cdot -\frac{4}{3} = -\frac{12}{12} = -1$

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